



IO STUDY OF CODE_SATURNE

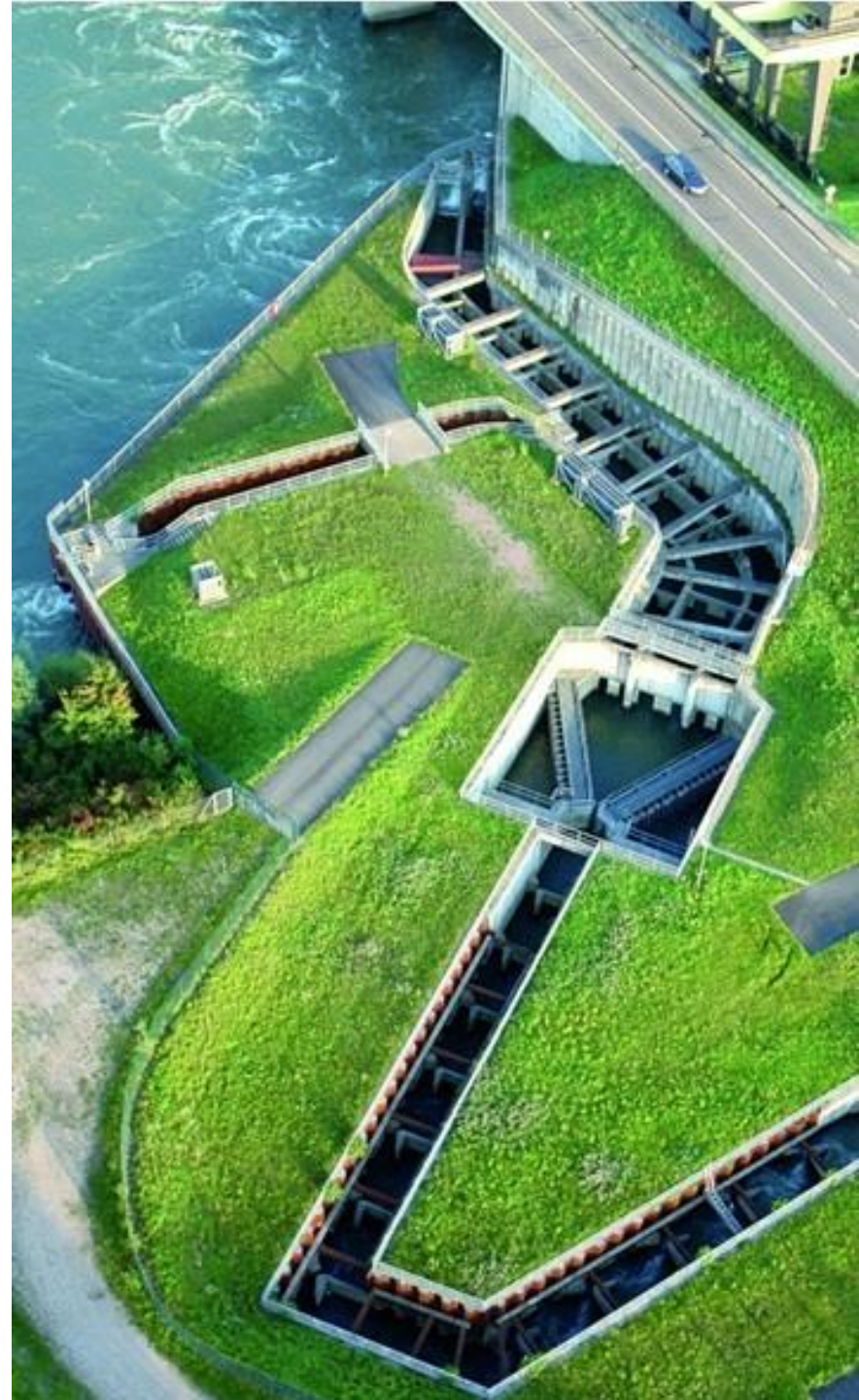
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Electricité de France - R&D



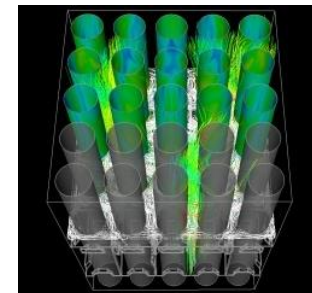
EDF : A leading french player in the energy market, active in **all areas** of electricity from **generation** to **trading** and **network management**.

Some contextual elements :

- ▶ Plants operated over 40 – 100 years
 - guarantee safety, minimize environmental footprint
 - maintain assets
- ▶ Fast changing operating conditions
 - more competitive markets,
 - tougher regulations, ageing, environment
- ▶ New business models and services
 - Smart meter
 - Cloud computing
 - Open Data / Big Data

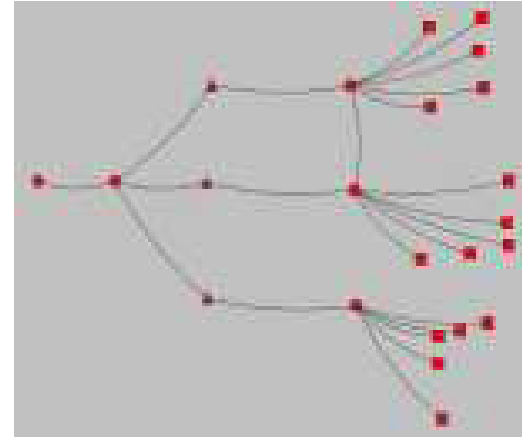


Figure 2 : Emprise et bathymetrie du modele 3D.



HPC ENABLES US

- ◆ To simulate and then to understand
 - ..to have a better understanding of system's complexity in order
 - ◆ To comply to new regulations
 - ◆ To find optimization opportunities
- ◆ To simulate and then to decide
 - ..to obtain more predictive, more reliable & more trusted simulations of complex real systems in order
 - ◆ To find new margins
 - ◆ To help for decision making & business value
- ◆ To simulate and then to innovate
 - ..to get more and more refined information in order
 - ◆ To open up new areas, new products and services
 - ◆ To improve methods and methodologies (studies)
 - ◆ To improve our in-house tools (most of them are Open-Source) : numerical methods, algorithms, models



MAIN DOMAINS OF HPC APPLICATIONS (1/2)

ENERGY PRODUCTION

■ Nuclear

- lifespan of power plants
- Safety studies
- Fuel management

■ Hydraulics

- Behavior of engineering structures
- Optimisation of operations
- Sediment transport

□ Thermal

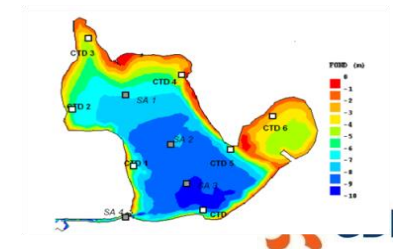
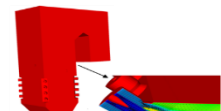
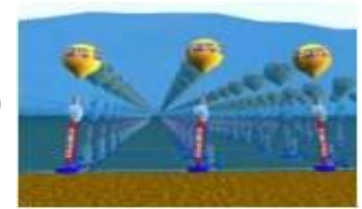
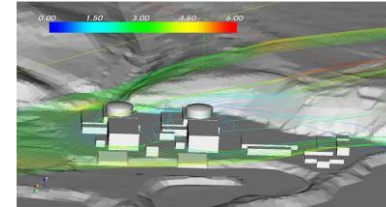
- Environmental performance
- Modelisation of combustion

□ Renewable

- Wind power potential (InShore, Offshore)
- Photovoltaic process

□ Environment

- Quality of water
- Quality of air
- Natural risks management



MAIN DOMAINS OF HPC APPLICATIONS (2/2)

■ Network / Smarties

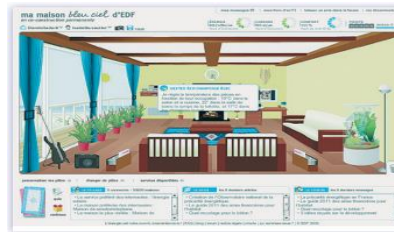
- Smart Grids : Impact of distributed and intermittent power generation on our networks
- Smart-Cities : Optimization of power ressources, water, waste, ...

■ Marketing

- Knowledge of the load curve
- Customer behavior simulation
- Analysis of customer data

■ Energy Management

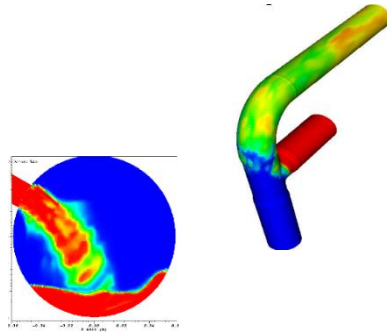
- Generation / consumption balance
 - Weekly forecast
- European Electrical System for 2020, 2030
- Weather and climate forecast adjustments



IN-HOUSE TOOLS DEVELOPED BY EDF R&D

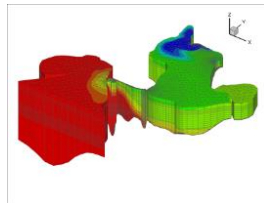
■ CFD

- Code_Saturne
- NEPTUNE_CFD



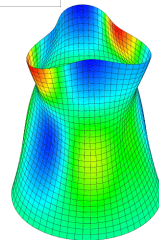
■ Thermal Code

- SYRTHES



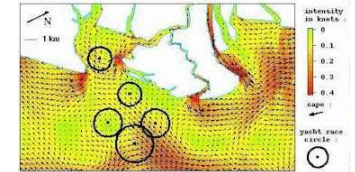
■ Structural mechanics

- Code_Aster



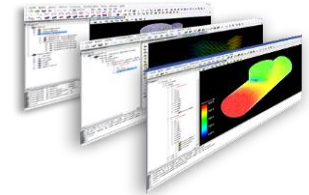
■ Free surface hydraulics:

- TELEMAC system



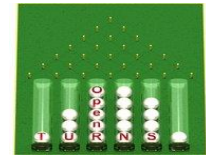
■ Simulation environment

- SALOME



■ Uncertainties

- Open TURNS





■ And many others

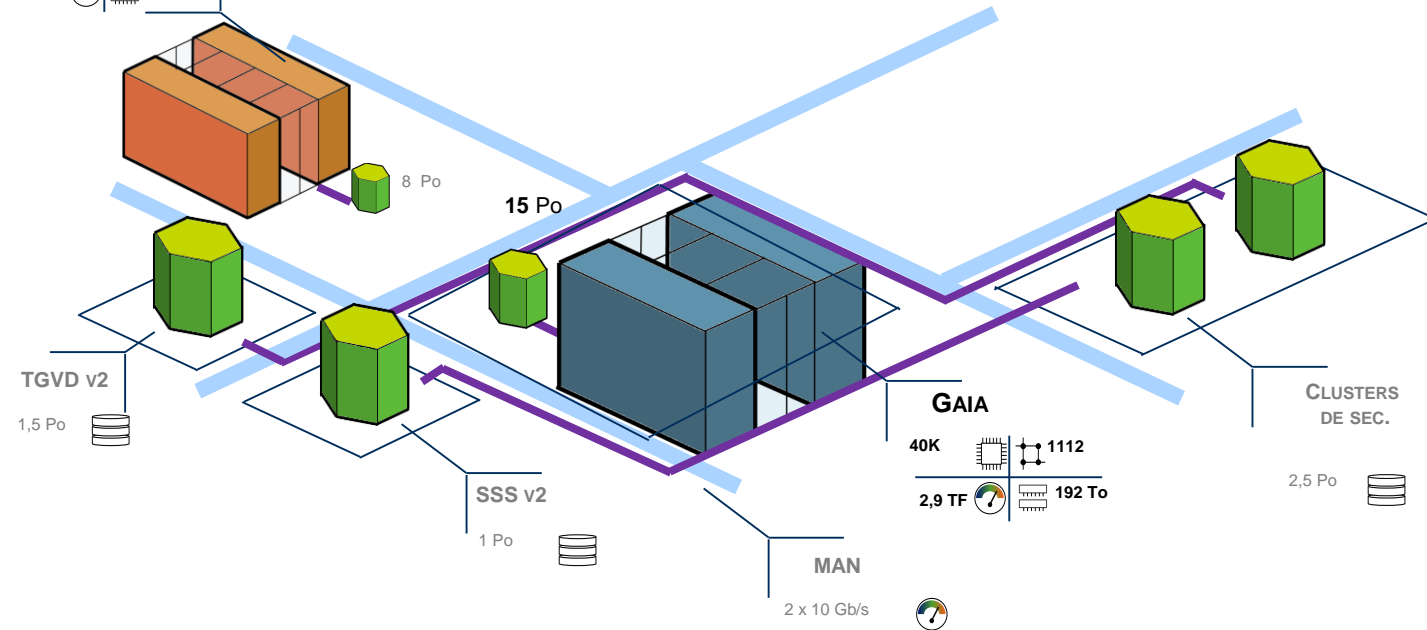
- neutronic, electromagnetism,
-

EDF HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPUTING FACILITY, 2019

2019 : 4 PFlops

EOLE

32k  1160
1200 TF  184 To



HPC IN PRACTICE

- ▶ 2 clusters with DEBIAN and SLURM
- ▶ OPA for the low latency network, IBM spectrum scale and ... DDN
- ▶ A wide range of code and usage
 - More than 200 different codes
 - From sequential / parametric to massively parallel code
 - Large IO files, small IO but in large numbers

SOME QUESTIONS

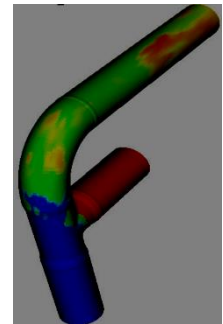
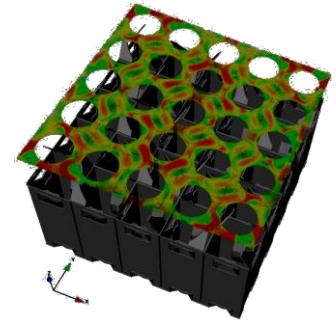
- How to meet all these needs / usage for storage ?
- How to evaluate characteristics for the future system (IOPS, bandwidth, ...) ?
- 1 FS, 2 FS ? One specific for compilation?



Study IO of the main codes running on HPC :
Code_Saturne, Code_Aster, ...

CODE_SATURNE : EDF'S GENERAL PURPOSE CFD TOOL

- open source (GPL), <https://code-saturne.org>
- general usage single phase CFD, plus specific physics :
 - Coal, heavy-fuel and gas combustion,
 - Electric arcs and Joule effect,
 - Lagrangian module for particles tracking,
 - Atmospheric modeling,
 - ALE method for deformable meshes,
 - Rotor / stator interaction for pumps modeling
- Code_Saturne is one of the 12 codes selected for the PRACE and DEISA Unified European Application Benchmark Suite (UEABS)



IO ON CODE_SATURNE

- Input : xml file, mesh file (med, ...), ...
- Output : restart, log, post-processing, probes, ...
- IO setup in XML input file :
 - min_block_size
 - rank_step : control number of MPI rank for IO
 - read_method
 - write_method

DARSHAN AND CODE_SATURNE

➤ darshan-runtime

- Pre-require : zlib and MPI C compiler
- Personal installation
- Use dynamically with preload or statistically (modify mpi wrapper)

➤ darshan-utils

- C compiler / zlib-dev/ libbz2-dev/ Perl/ pdflatex/ gnuplot 4.2/ epstopdf/ liburi-encode-perl

DARSHAN AND CODE_SATURNE

➤ test cases :

- Bundle C-016-1 (mesh_input 3.7Mo, 16 000 cells)
- Bundle F-128-1 (mesh_input 1.7Go, 12,8 million cells)

➤ parameters :

- t_rank_step=(1 2 4 8 14 16 28 32)
- t_min_block_size M=(0 1 2 4 8 16 32 64)
- t_method=("mpi collective" "mpi independent" "mpi noncollective" "stdio parallel" "stdio serial")

Rank_step: 1 WMPIcoll F 128-1

mesh_input

1,7 Go

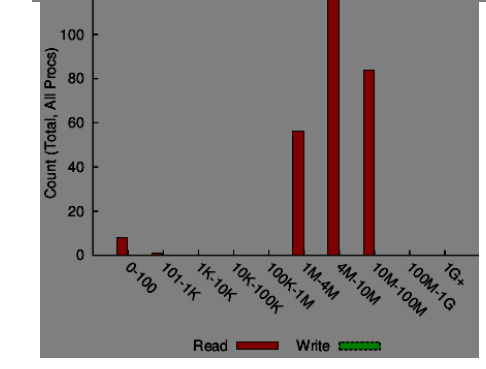
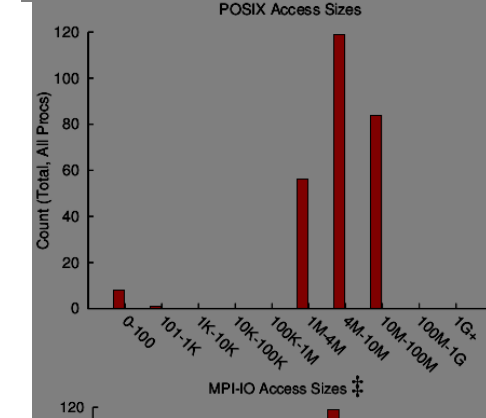
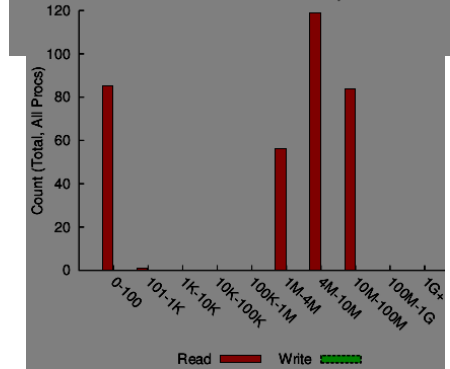
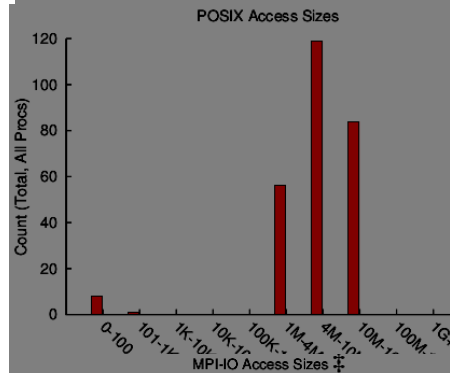
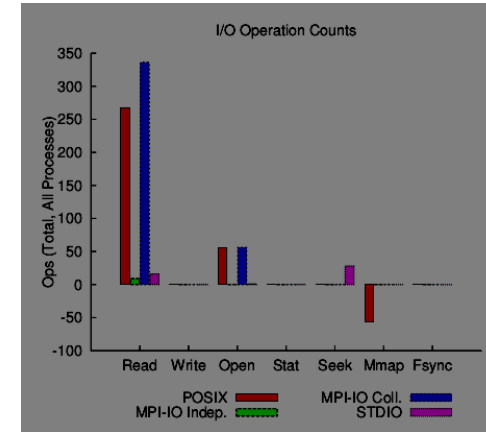
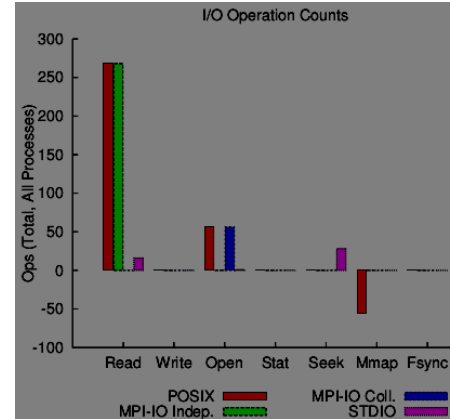
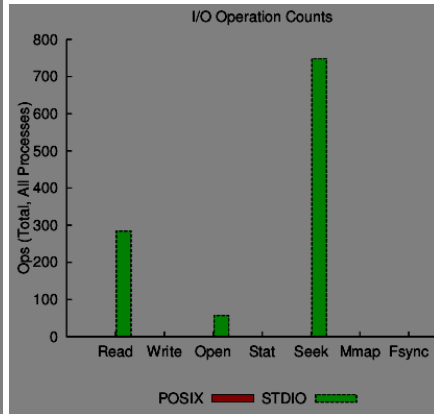
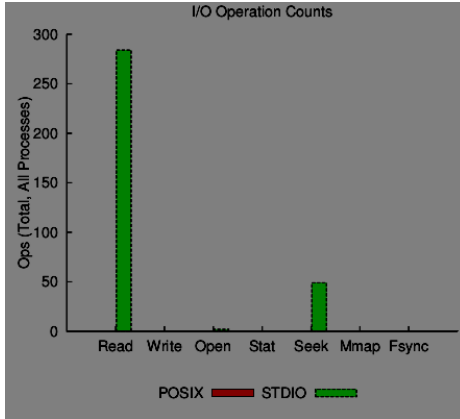
56 MPI process (2 nodes)

RStdioSer

RStdioPar

RMPInc

RMPIcoll



RStdioSer

Average I/O per process (POSIX and STDIO)		
	Cumulative time spent in I/O functions (seconds)	Amount of I/O (MB)
Independent reads	0.0111707321428571	29.9019831759589
Independent writes	0	0
Independent metadata	1.55714285714286e-05	N/A
Shared reads	0	0
Shared writes	0	0
Shared metadata	0	N/A

RStdioPar

Average I/O per process (POSIX and STDIO)		
	Cumulative time spent in I/O functions (seconds)	Amount of I/O (MB)
Independent reads	0	0
Independent writes	0	0
Independent metadata	0	N/A
Shared reads	0.0458517142857143	29.9019831759589
Shared writes	0	0
Shared metadata	0.0914458392857143	N/A

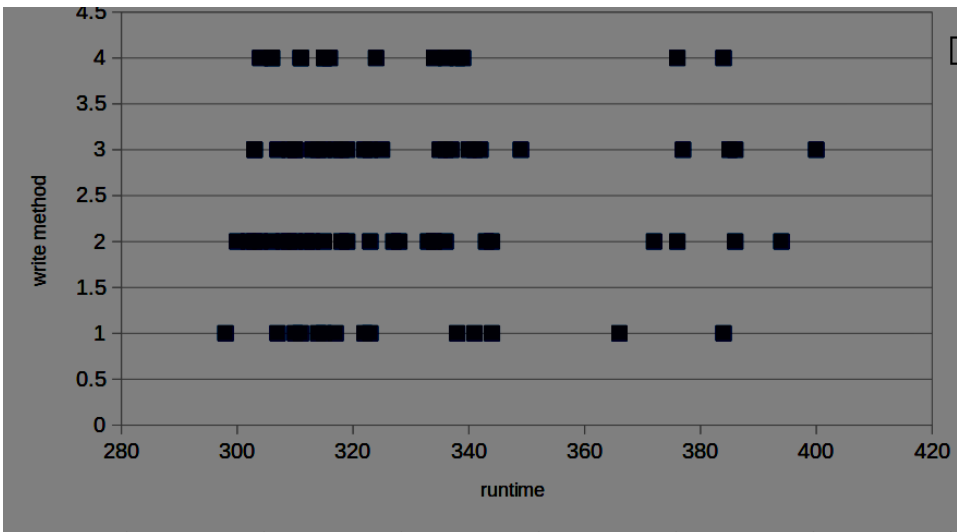
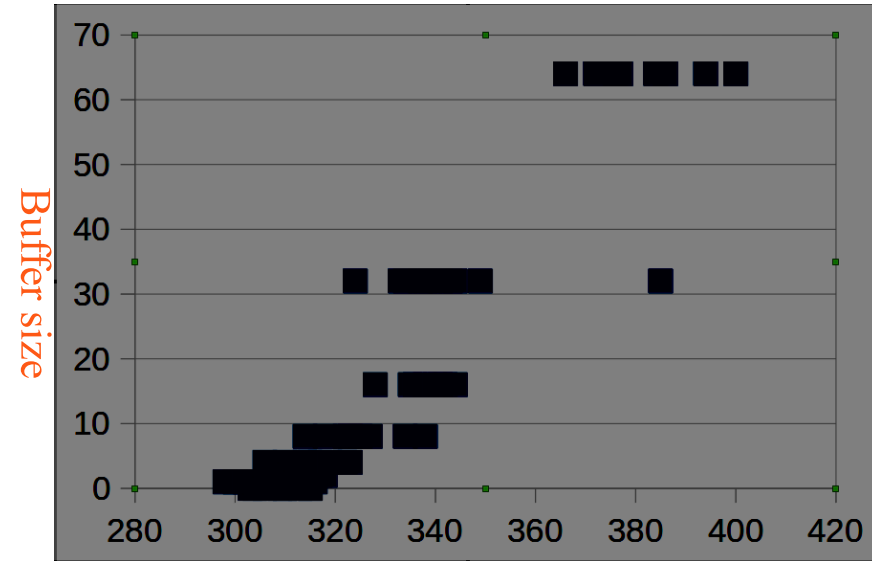
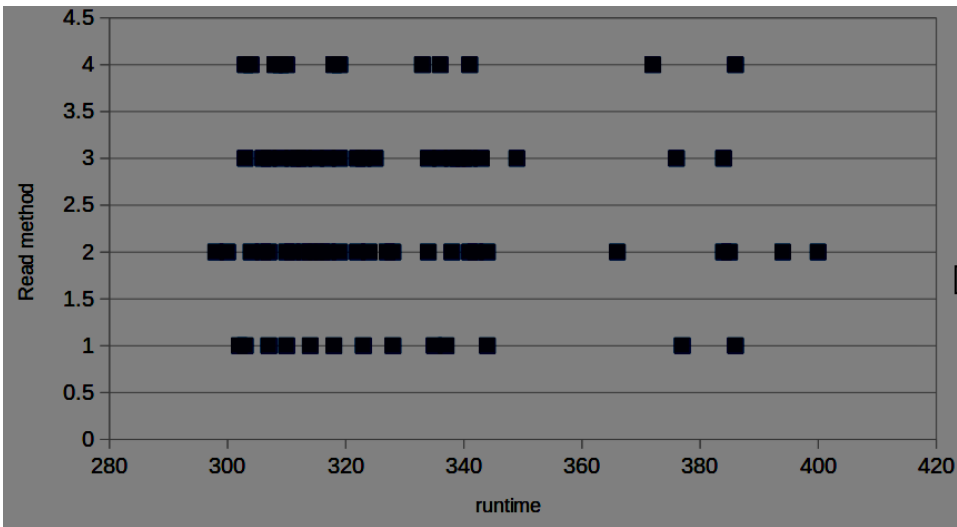
RMPInc

Average I/O per process (POSIX and STDIO)		
	Cumulative time spent in I/O functions (seconds)	Amount of I/O (MB)
Independent reads	0.000120910714285714	2.25305557250977e-05
Independent writes	0	0
Independent metadata	4.08928571428571e-06	N/A
Shared reads	0.0522137142857143	29.9019606454032
Shared writes	0	0
Shared metadata	0.000294392857142857	N/A

RMPIcoll

Average I/O per process (POSIX and STDIO)		
	Cumulative time spent in I/O functions (seconds)	Amount of I/O (MB)
Independent reads	0.000124375	2.25305557250977e-05
Independent writes	0	0
Independent metadata	3.23214285714286e-06	N/A
Shared reads	0.0351530714285714	29.9019606454032
Shared writes	0	0
Shared metadata	0.000302053571428571	N/A

GLOBAL ANALYSIS



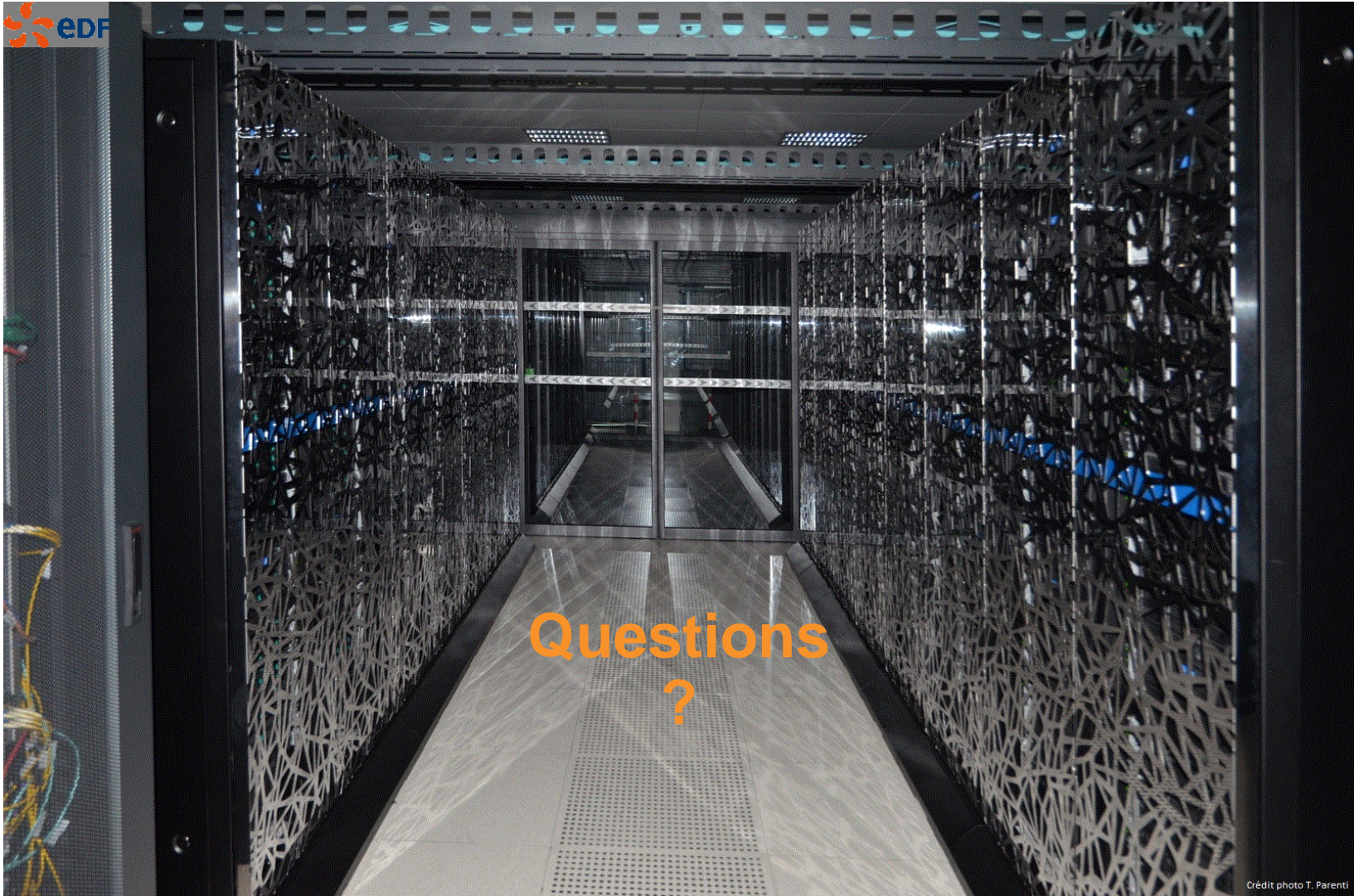
- 1 : std IO serial
- 2 : MPI non collective
- 3 : MPI collective
- 4 : std IO parallel

SOME FUTURE CHALLENGES FOR SIMULATION

- ◆ Simulation of multi-scales and/or multi-physics phenomena
 - ◆ Ex : simulation of flow behaviour inside a PWR core vessel and its consequences : Thermal-Hydraulic + Neutronic + Mechanics
 - ◆ Ex : simulation of a whole primary circuit of a nuclear power plant (vessel, steam generator, pressurizer,...) : Thermal-Hydraulic + Mechanics + Chemistry
- ◆ Probabilistic simulation : the use of uncertainties / calibration / assimilation methods
 - ◆ Ex : impact of intermittency on the network
 - ◆ Can lead to a factor 10 to 1000 of needed computing resources ... and storage !

SOME FUTURE CHALLENGES FOR SIMULATION

- ◆ Pre-processing of input data and post-processing of simulation results
 - ◆ What future tools to mesh complex geometries in a refined and simple way?
 - ◆ What future tools to visualize a deluge of results (including uncertainties)?
- ◆ Connection between HPC and Big Data (Data Analytics)
 - ◆ Real time calculation and analysis
 - ◆ Analysis of significant amount of data
 - Ex: Smart meter data (Linky)
 - ◆ Interconnection between datalake (Hadoop, ...) and HPC ?
 - ◆ Containers use on HPC for datascience ?
- ◆ What is the best FS for us ?



Crédit photo T. Parenti